

Supplementary material:

AN EFFICIENT SYNTHESIS OF N-SULPHONYL β -ARYLMETHYLALANINATES FROM SERINE VIA RING OPENING OF N-SULPHONYL AZIRIDINE-2 CARBOXYLATE

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EXPERIMENTAL

General Information

All reactions were conducted using oven-dried glassware under an atmosphere of nitrogen (N₂) or argon (Ar). All reagents used were of commercial grade and used without further purification. Solvents were dried and distilled following the usual protocols. Column chromatography was carried out using silica gel (100–200 mesh). TLC was performed on aluminium-backed plates coated with Silica Gel 60 with F-254 indicator. The ¹H NMR spectra were recorded with a 400 MHz and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded with a 100 MHz using CDCl₃. DMSO-d₆, ¹H NMR chemical shifts are expressed in parts per million (δ) relative to CDCl₃ (δ = 7.26) and DMSO-d₆ (δ = 2.49); ¹³C NMR chemical shifts are expressed in parts per million (δ) relative to the CDCl₃ (δ = 77.0). High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained under positive electron spray ionization (m/z values are given). Liquid chromatography Mass spectrometer (LC-MS) spectra were obtained under positive electron spray ionization (m/z values are given). Melting point of synthesized compound/s was uncorrected and determined by capillary method.

1. methyl 2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoate (2)

In inert atmosphere DL-Serine (9.59 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (2 mL / mmol) and cooled to < 0° C (salt/ice). Thionyl chloride (56.69 mmol, 5.9eq.) was added slowly by syringe, reaction mixture was refluxed for 3 h, TLC was monitored in BuOH: Acetic acid: Water (3:1:1) system and then concentrated, coevaporated with ether. Product obtained (**2**) was *white*

crystalline solid (90 % yield). mp 162-164° C. Product was confirmed by LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 120.1 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₄H₉NO₃: C, 40.33; H, 7.62; N, 11.76; found: C, 40.29; H, 7.59; N, 11.73. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₄H₉NO₃: 120.0678; found: 120.0680.

2. methyl 3-hydroxy-2-(tritylamino)propanoate (3a)

Method A: methyl 2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoate (**2**) (1.29 mmol) was suspended in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL/mmol) under N₂. At RT, TMSCl (4. 51 mmol, 3.5eq) was added via syringe, and the mixture was heated at reflux for 1h. The solution was allowed to cool to RT, and triethylamine (4.51 mmol, 3.5eq) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.8 mL) was added slowly, whereupon the mixture became difficult to stir. The mixture was then heated at reflux for 45 min. Upon cooling to 0° C, MeOH (.07 mL) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.33 mL) was added, followed by the addition of triethylamine (1.29 mmol, 1eq) and triphenylmethyl chloride (1.29 mmol, 1eq) in 2 portions over 15 min. The reaction was allowed to stir overnight. MeOH (0.25mL) and triethylamine (0.18mL) were then added, and the mixture was stirred for an additional 15 min. All solvents were removed under vacuum, and the crude acid was dissolved in EtOAc (15 mL) and washed with a 5% citric acid solution (3 × 4 mL) and then with H₂O (3 × 4 mL). The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated. Purification was done as per method B.

Method B: methyl 2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoate (**2**) (1.29 mmol) was dissolved in chloroform (1.5mL/mmol), to this stirring triethylamine (16.13 mmol, 2.5eq.) was added in inert atmosphere. Reaction mixture was cooled 0° C & to this trityl chloride (1.29 mmol, 1eq.) was added. Reaction mixture was stirred 0°C to RT for 2 h. Reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with NaHCO₃ (2 times) and then with brine. Organic part was dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure. TLC was monitored in 30% EA/Hex solution. Compound was visible in UV light and also ninhydrin active. Purification was done by column chromatography (silica G 100-200); product was eluted using 10 to 50 % EA/ Hex as mobile phase. Product isolated (**3a**) was *white crystalline solid* (86 % yield). Mp 74-78° C (lit ^[1] Mp 77-78°C); ¹H NMR, 400 MHz in CDCl₃: 1H (t, *J*=7.4, δ=2.26), 1H (s, δ=2.97), 3H (s, δ=3.29), 2H (d, *J*=8.58, δ=3.54), 1H (m, δ=3.69), 3H (t, *J*=7.12, δ=7.18), 2H (dd, *J*=7.9, 4.4, δ=7.24), 4H (m, δ=7.27-7.19), 6H (m, δ=7.47-7.42). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 51.8(-CH₃), 61.6(-C-OH), 74.9(-C-NH₂), 75.5(-C-Ph₃), 126.2, 127.0, 129.2, 145.0(-CH *Aromatic*), 171.2(-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 362.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₂₃H₂₃NO₃: C, 76.43; H, 6.41; N, 3.88; found: C, 76.40; H, 6.39; N, 3.85. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₂₃H₂₃NO₃: 362.1743; found: 362.1741.

3. methyl 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl) amino)-3-hydroxypropanoate (3b)

methyl 2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoate (**2**) (3.22mmol) was reconstituted in CH₂Cl₂ and triethylamine (8.06 mmol, 2.5 eq) was added dropwise at 0°C in presence of nitrogen, to this stirring solution di-tertbutyl dicarbonate (3.86mmol, 1.2eq.) was added in one portion. The reaction mixture was stirred until the starting material was consumed, as determined by TLC (1:1 EA/ Hex) & observed in Ninhydrin stain .The reaction mixture was concentrated and dissolved in EtOAc (15 mL) and then washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (aq) (3 mL) followed by brine. Organic part was dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification was done by column chromatography (silica G 100-200); product was eluted using 10 to 30% EA/ Hex as mobile phase. Product isolated was *brown oil* (76 % yield). ¹H NMR, 400

MHz in CDCl₃: 9H(s, δ =1.44), 1H(s, δ =2.1) 3H(s, δ =3.78), 2H (d, J =6.664, δ =3.92), 1H (s, δ =4.38), 1H (s, δ =5.40). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ : 28.4 (-CH₃_{Boc}), 51.8 (-CH₃), 59.6(-C-NH₂), 62.4 (-C-OH), 79.6 (-C-CH₃_{Boc}), 156.0(-CO₂_{Boc}), 171.4 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 220.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₉H₁₇NO₅: C, 49.31; H, 7.82; N, 6.39; found: C, 49.27; H, 7.77; N, 6.35. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₉H₁₇NO₅: 220.1146; found: 220.1143.

4. methyl 2-(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)-3-hydroxypropanoate (3c)

Method A: methyl 2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoate (**2**) (19.04mmol) was dissolve in H₂O (34 mL). To this NaHCO₃ (59.02mmol, 3.1eq) was added. This mixture was cooled in ice bath to 0° C. To this at stirring, solution of benzylchloroformate (9.0mL, 50% sol in toluene) and ether (16 mL) was added and allowed to stir at 0° C for 3 h. Then allowed it to warm to RT and stirred for overnight. Reaction mixture was filtered and filtrate was washed with diethyl ether (2mL). Aqueous layer was acidified to pH ~3 with citric acid and extracted with EtOAc. Organic layer was dried over sodium sulphate. TLC was monitored in 30% EA/Hex and in BuOH: AA: H₂O (3:1:1). Product obtained as *white crystalline solid* (62 % yield).

Method B: methyl 2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoate (**2**) (19.04mmol) was dissolved in H₂O (34mL). To this MgO (59.02mmol, 3.1eq) and ether (16 mL) was added. This mixture was cooled in ice bath to 0° C. To this at stirring, solution of benzylchloroformate (9.0 mL, 50% sol in toluene) was added and allowed to stir at 0° C for 2 h. Then allowed it to warm to RT for an additional 30min. Reaction mixture was filtered and filtrate was washed with diethyl ether (2mL). Aqueous layer was acidified to pH ~3 with citric acid and extracted with EtOAc. Organic layer was dried over sodium sulphate. TLC was monitored in 30% EA/Hex and in BuOH: AA: H₂O (3:1:1). Product obtained as *white crystalline solid* (74 % yield). Mp 116-120° C (lit ^[2] Mp 118-120° C); ¹H NMR, 400 MHz in DMSO-d₆: 1H (m, δ =3.31-3.25), 3H (s, δ =3.78), 2H (dd, J =10.6, 3.8, δ =4.22), 2H (d, J =4.35, δ =5.12), 3H (m, δ =7.28-7.23), 2H (m, δ =7.40-7.34). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in DMSO-d₆; δ : 51.8 (-CH₃), 59.5(-C-NH₂), 62.3 (-C-OH), 66.7(-CH₂-O_{CBz}), 127.1, 127.6, 128.9, 136.1 (-CH_{Aromatic} CBz), 155.9 (-CO₂ CBz), 171.4 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 254.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₂H₁₅NO₅: C, 56.91; H, 5.97; N, 5.53; found: C, 56.85; H, 5.93; N, 5.48. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₅NO₅: 254.2378; found: 254.2375.

General procedure for cyclization of N-protected aziridines.

(**3a**) or (**3b**) or (**3c**) (8.3mmol) was stripped twice with dry dioxane. It was dissolved in dry toluene (18 mL/ mmol) then triethyl amine (24.9mmol, 3 eq.) was added in inert atmosphere. Temperature was cooled down to -50°C and sulfonyl chloride (9.96 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added slowly drop wise. Reaction mixture was allowed to warm at RT slowly. pH of the reaction should be basic. Progress of reaction was monitored with TLC in 5% to 10% EA/ Hex. Reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with brine twice. Organic part was dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure. Compound was visible in UV light and also ninhydrin active. Purification was done by column chromatography (silica G 100-200) product was eluted using 1 to 10 % EA/ Hex as mobile phase.

5. methyl 1-tritylaziridine-2-carboxylate (4a)

Product isolated was *off white solid*, mp 130-132° C (lit ^[3]130-131° C), (88% yield). ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃, 1H (d, *J*=6.24, δ=1.40), 1H (d, *J*=3.6, δ=1.87), 3H (s, δ=3.7), 4H (m, δ=7.09-7.03), 5H (m, δ=7.22-7.17), 6H (d, *J*=7.44, δ=7.48). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 22.2 (-CH₂ Aziridine), 37.3 (-CH Aziridine), 51.8 (-CH₃), 85.0 (-C-Ph₃), 126.2, 127.0, 129.2, 145.0 (-CH Aromatic), 171.2(-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 344.1 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₂₃H₂₁NO₂: C, 80.44; H, 6.16; N, 4.08; found: C, 80.37; H, 6.09; N, 4.17. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₂₃H₂₁NO₂: 344.1645; found: 344.1641.

6. 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl aziridine-1, 2-dicarboxylate (4b)

Product isolated was *brown oil* (78% yield). ¹H NMR, 400 MHz in CDCl₃: 9H (s, δ=1.42), 2H (d, *J*=8.794, δ=2.10), 1H (m, δ=3.32-3.27), 3H (s, δ=3.78). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in DMSO δ: 28.3 (-CH₃Boc), 31.3 (-CH Aziridine), 37.2 (-CH₂ Aziridine), 51.8 (-CH₃), 79.8 (-C-CH₃Boc), 154.2 (-CO₂ Boc), 171.4 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 202.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₉H₁₅NO₄: C, 53.72; H, 7.51; N, 6.96; found: C, 53.79; H, 7.45; N, 6.88. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₉H₁₅NO₄: 202.1078; found: 202.1073.

7. 1-benzyl 2-methyl aziridine-1, 2-dicarboxylate (4c)

Product isolated was *yellow oil* (65 % yield). ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃, 1H (m, δ=1.92-1.86), 1H (m, δ=2.14-2.09), 1H (t, *J*=4.318, δ=2.43), 3H (s, δ=3.72), 2H (m, δ=7.73-7.67), 1H (m, δ=7.81-7.86), 2H (d, *J*=4.673, δ=8.23). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 31.3 (-CH Aziridine), 37.2 (-CH₂ Aziridine), 51.8 (-CH₃), 67.3 (-CH₂-O_{CBz}), 127.1, 127.6, 128.9, 136.1 (-CH Aromatic CBz), 154.3 (-CO₂ CBz), 171.4 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 236.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₂H₁₃NO₄: C, 61.27; H, 5.57; N, 5.95; found: C, 61.29; H, 5.49; N, 5.90. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₃NO₄: 236.2437; found: 236.2435.

8. methyl aziridine-2-carboxylate (5)

Method A

Compound (4a-c) (0.7288 mmol to 3.4mmol) was dissolved in solution of CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH (1:1). Solution was cooled to the -10°C and TFA (28.53mmol, 14 eq.) was added slowly in an inert atmosphere. Reaction mixture was maintained at -10° C for 3 h and the reaction was monitored by TLC, but it was found that compound was forming salt with TFA. Work up of reaction was done by diluting it with ethyl acetate and water, mixture was extracted between ethyl acetate twice. Ethyl acetate part was discarded and aqueous part was concentrated on under reduced pressure with stripping with toluene.

Method B

To solution of compounds (4a-c) (0.7288 mmol-3.4mmol) in MeOH: CH₂Cl₂ (1:1, 6 mL), TFA (28.53mmol, 14 eq.) was added under nitrogen atmosphere at 0° C over 20 min. Reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 0° C. Upon completion of reaction it was concentrated. To the crude material, ether (6mL) was added and concentrated under reduced pressure; this was repeated 3-4 times to remove excess TFA. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc (2.2 mL)

and water (2 × 3 mL). Ethyl acetate part was discarded and aqueous part was concentrated under reduced pressure with stripping with toluene. Product obtained was *oily* (82% yield). ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃, 1H (m, δ=1.93-1.68), 1H (m, δ=2.14-2.18), 1H (t, δ=2.43), 3H (s, δ=3.76). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 27.0 (-CH₂ Aziridine), 30.4 (-CH Aziridine), 51.8 (-CH₃), 171.4 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 102.1 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₄H₇NO₂: C, 47.52; H, 6.98; N, 13.85; found: C, 47.39; H, 7.08; N, 13.76. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₄H₇NO₂: 102.0578; found: 102.0575.

9. methyl 1-tosylaziridine-2-carboxylate (6a)

Immediately to above [methyl aziridine-2-carboxylate (5), method B], activated potassium carbonate (5.05 mmol, 5eq.) was added at RT followed by *p*-tosyl chloride (2.02 mmol, 2eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5mL) was added. This was allowed to stir overnight. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure, diluted with H₂O (7mL) and washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2mL). Aqueous layer was acidified with citric acid solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. Ethyl acetate part was dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure. TLC was monitored in EA/Hex sol. Purification was done by column chromatography (silica G 100-200), product was eluted using 12 to 18 % EA/ Hex as mobile phase. Product isolated was *brown oil* (80% yield). ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 2H (dd, *J*=8.3, 3.5 Hz, δ=2.14), 3H (m, δ=2.34-2.28), 1H (d, *J*=4.12, δ=2.54), 3H (s, δ=3.73), 2H (d, *J*=7.92, δ=7.34), 2H (d, *J*=8.0, δ=7.83). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 21.5 (-CH₃ *p*-tosyl), 31.9 (-CH Aziridine), 37.2 (-CH₂ Aziridine), 51.8 (-CH₃ ester), 128.3, 129.3, 137.6, 140.2 (-CH Aromatic), 167.8 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 256.1 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₁H₁₃NO₄S: C, 51.75; H, 5.13; N, 5.49; found: C, 51.63; H, 5.17; N, 5.40. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₁H₁₃NO₄S: 256.2912; found: 256.2909.

10. methyl 1-((4-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl)aziridine-2-carboxylate (6b)

Immediately to above [methyl aziridine-2-carboxylate (5), method B], activated potassium carbonate (5.05 mmol, 5eq.) was added at RT followed by *p*-nitrobenzenesulphonyl chloride (3.89 mmol, 1.05 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5mL). This was allowed to stir overnight. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure, diluted with H₂O (7 mL) and washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). Aqueous layer was acidified with citric acid solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. Ethyl acetate part was dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure. TLC was monitored in EA/Hex sol. Purification was done by column chromatography (silica G 100-200), product was eluted using 14 to 18 % EA/ Hex as mobile phase. Product isolated was *yellow solid*. mp 54-58° C (lit^[4] mp 55-58° C); (84 % yield). ¹H NMR, 400 MHz in DMSO-d₆ δ: 2H (dd, *J*=7.4, 3.5, δ=2.10), 3H (m, δ=2.31-2.27), 1H (d, *J*=4.62, δ=2.46), 2H (d, *J*=8.67, δ=7.31), 2H (d, *J*=8.13, δ=7.88). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in DMSO-d₆ δ: 31.9 (-CH Aziridine), 37.2 (-CH₂ Aziridine), 51.8 (-CH₃ ester), 124.6, 128.3, 146.1, 151.4 (-C Aromatic), 167.8 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 287.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₀H₁₀N₂O₆S: C, 41.96; H, 3.52; N, 9.79; found: C, 42.11; H, 3.42; N, 9.67. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₀H₁₀N₂O₆S: 287.2673; found: 287.2670.

Typical procedure for synthesis of *N-p*-tosyl β-arylmethylalaninates (7a-e) and *N-p*-nosyl β-arylmethylalaninates (8a-e).

A mixture of compound (6a) (50mg, 0.196mmoles) or (6b) (50 mg, 0.174 mmoles) and various aryl moieties (1.5 eq) (as nucleophiles) in 1 mL CH₂Cl₂ or CHCl₃ added in tightly capped test

tube (seal tube) followed by addition of various catalyst (0.2-0.4 eq.) at suitable temperature were mixed with 2-5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ and reacted in a same tightly capped test tube for overnight (12 h). Reactions were monitored by TLC. After confirmation of new spot, crude mixtures were analyzed for LC-MS and products were confirmed by m/z obtained. The reaction mixture was diluted with 5 mL water and extracted with EtOAc and washed with brine. The extract was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel 2:8 EA/Hex as mobile phase.

11. methyl 3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(4-methylphenylsulfonamido) propanoate (7a)

Product isolated as *brown oil*. ¹H NMR, 400 MHz in DMSO-d₆ δ: 3H (s, δ=2.38), 1H (dd, J= 8.4, 5.4 Hz, δ=3.48), 1H (d, J = 12.0 Hz, δ=3.26), 6H (m, δ=3.70-3.63), 1H (dd, J = 8.0, 6.0, Hz, δ=4.12), 2H (m, δ=7.19-7.12), 1H (s, δ=7.24), 1H (d, J = 5.9 Hz, δ=7.30), 2H (m, δ=7.40-7.34), 1H (d, J = 7.9 Hz, δ=7.55), 2H (m, δ=7.74-7.68), 1H (s, δ=8.05). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in DMSO-d₆ δ: 21.7 (-CH₃ *p*-tosyl), 29.6 (-CH₂-*N*-methylIndole), 34.6 (-CH₃ *N*-methylindole), 51.8 (-CH₃_{ester}), 59.7 (-CH-NH- *p*-tosyl), 109.6, 113.7, 117.8, 119.7, 121.4, 127.5, 128.3, 129.3, 133.2, 137.6, 140.2, 141.8 (-C *Aromatic*), 172.6 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 387.3 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₂₀H₂₂N₂O₄S: C, 62.16; H, 5.74; N, 7.25; found: C, 62.25; H, 5.68; N, 7.18. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₂₀H₂₂N₂O₄S: 387.4613; found: 387.4611.

12. methyl 2-(4-methylphenylsulfonamido)-3-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) propanoate (7b)

Product isolated as *pale yellow oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 3H (s, δ=2.36), 1H (dd, J=7.4, 3.4 Hz, δ=3.09), 1H (d, J = 10.3 Hz, δ=3.39), 3H (s, δ=3.62), 1H (m, δ=3.78-3.73), 2H (m, δ=5.81-5.75), 1H (s, δ=6.72), 2H (d, J = 4.3 Hz, δ=7.36), 3H (m, δ=7.79-7.74). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 21.4 (-CH₃ *p*-tosyl), 28.4 (-CH₂-pyrrole), 51.8 (-CH₃_{ester}), 59.5 (-CH-NH- *p*-tosyl), 107.6, 108.8, 118.2, 128.7, 130.3, 141.2, 143.2, (-C *Aromatic*), 171.6 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 323.3 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₄S: C, 55.88; H, 5.63; N, 8.69; found: C, 56.06; H, 5.55; N, 8.78. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₄S: 323.3854; found: 323.3851.

13. methyl 3-(furan-2-yl)-2-(4-methylphenylsulfonamido) propanoate (7c)

Product isolated as *colourless oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 3H (s, δ=2.36), 1H (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, δ=2.89), 1H (d, J = 9.6 Hz, δ=3.18), 3H (m, δ=3.66), 1H (m, δ=3.78-3.73), 1H (d, δ=5.81-5.75), 1H (m, δ=6.44-6.38), 2H (d, J = 5.4 Hz, δ=7.42), 3H (m, δ=7.79-7.74). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 21.4 (-CH₃ *p*-tosyl), 31.8 (-CH₂-furan), 51.5 (-CH₃_{ester}), 56.5 (-CH-NH- *p*-tosyl), 105.6, 110.6, 128.7, 130.3, 137.9, 141.2, 141.8, 156.2, (-C *Aromatic*), 171.6 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 324.3 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₅H₁₇NO₅S: C, 55.71; H, 5.30; N, 4.33. found: C, 55.63; H, 5.38; N, 4.21; HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₇NO₅S: 324.3628; found: 324.3685.

14. methyl 2-(4-methylphenylsulfonamido)-3-(thiophen-2-yl) propanoate (7d)

Product isolated as *brown oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 3H (s, δ=2.36), 1H (dd, J= 7.9, 4.4 Hz, δ=3.12), 1H (dd, J = 9.6, 3.2 Hz, δ=3.32), 3H (m, δ=3.66), 1H (m, δ=3.84-3.78), 2H (m, δ=6.92-6.87), 3H (m, δ=7.46-7.41), 3H (m, δ=7.79-7.74). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 21.4 (-CH₃ *p*-tosyl), 31.2 (-CH₂-thiofuran), 51.8 (-CH₃_{ester}), 58.7 (-CH-NH- *p*-tosyl), 126.2, 127.4, 128.2, 128.7, 129.6, 130.3, 132.8, 137.7, 141.5 (-C *Aromatic*), 171.6 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 340.2

(MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₅H₁₇NO₄S₂: C, 53.08; H, 5.05; N, 4.13; found: C, 53.27; H, 5.12; N, 4.03. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₇NO₄S₂: 340.4367; found: 340.4365.

15. methyl 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methylphenylsulfonamido) propanoate (7e)

Product isolated as *colourless oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in DMSO-d₆ δ: 3H (s, δ=2.38), 1H (dd, J=9.2, 4.4 Hz, δ=2.96), 1H (d, J = 8.4 Hz, δ=3.24), 3H (s, δ=3.71), 6H (s, δ=3.82), 1H (dd, J = 8.2, 5.4 Hz, δ=4.12), 1H (s, δ=6.52), 2H (m, δ=6.78-6.73), 1H (m, δ=6.89-6.84), 2H (m, δ=7.40-7.34), 3H (m, δ=7.79-7.74), ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in DMSO-d₆ δ: 21.7 (-CH₃ *p*-tosyl), 37.3 (-CH₂-dimethylcatechol), 51.8 (-CH₃*ester*), 55.8 (-CH₃dimethylcatechol), 59.7 (-CH-NH- *p*-tosyl), 112.4, 113.2, 128.1, 128.8, 129.3, 129.9, 141.3, 141.8, 147.1, 149.5 (-C *Aromatic*), 171.7 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 394.2 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₉H₂₃NO₆S: C, 58.00; H, 5.89; N, 3.56; found: C, 57.92; H, 5.81; N, 3.68. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₉H₂₃NO₆S: 394.4576; found: 394.4573.

16. methyl 3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(4-nitrophenylsulfonamido) propanoate (8a)

Product isolated as *dark brown oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ 1H (d, J= 3.9 Hz, δ=3.24), 1H (dd, J = 12.0, 5.7 Hz, δ=3.46), 6H (m, δ=3.71-3.66), 1H (dd, J = 8.4, 6.2, Hz, δ=3.90), 1H (m, δ=7.00-6.94), 1H (d, J = 7.3 Hz, δ=7.42), 2H (m, δ=7.56-7.50), 1H (s, δ=7.76), 2H (m, δ=8.16-8.10), 2H (m, δ=8.40-8.34), ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 29.8 (-CH₂-*N*-methylIndole), 34.2 (-CH₃ *N*-methylindole), 52.2 (-CH₃*ester*), 59.3 (-CH-NH- *p*-nosyl), 108.8, 118.4, 119.6, 124.1, 124.4, 127.5, 128.3, 129.3, 137.6, 149.8, 150.7, 151.5 (-C *Aromatic*), 171.2 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 418.1 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₉H₁₉N₃O₆S: C, 54.67; H, 4.59; N, 10.07; found: C, 54.78; H, 4.47; N, 10.21. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₉N₃O₆S: 418.4355; found: 418.4352.

17. methyl 2-(4-nitrophenylsulfonamido)-3-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) propanoate (8b)

Product isolated as *dark brown oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 1H (dd, J=8.4, 2.4 Hz, δ=3.14), 1H (d, J = 6.3 Hz, δ=3.36), 3H (s, δ=3.62), 1H (m, δ=4.12-4.07), 1H (d, J = 5.4 Hz, δ=5.76), 1H (m, δ=6.08-6.03), 1H (m, δ=6.73-6.67), 1H (s, δ=7.78), 2H (m, δ=8.18-8.13), 2H (m, δ=8.42-8.36). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 28.4 (-CH₂-pyrrole), 51.8 (-CH₃*ester*), 59.3 (-CH-NH- *p*-nosyl), 107.6, 108.8, 118.2, 124.4, 128.7, 141.2, 150.4, 151.2 (-C *Aromatic*), 171.6 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 354.3 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₄H₁₅N₃O₆S: C, 47.59; H, 4.28; N, 11.89; found: C, 47.52; H, 4.38; N, 11.94. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₅N₃O₆S: 354.3507; found: 354.3504.

18. methyl 3-(furan-2-yl)-2-(4-nitrophenylsulfonamido)propanoate (8c)

Product isolated as *brown oil*. ¹H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 1H (dd, J = 9.2, 4.6 Hz, δ=2.89), 1H (d, J = 7.4 Hz, δ=3.14), 3H (m, δ=3.66), 1H (m, δ=3.82-3.77), 1H (m, δ=5.91-5.85), 1H (m, δ=6.44-6.38), 1H (m, δ=7.61-7.56), 1H (m, δ=7.76-7.71), 2H (m, δ=8.18-8.13), 2H (m, δ=8.42-8.36). ¹³C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl₃ δ: 31.8 (-CH₂-furan), 51.6 (-CH₃*ester*), 56.5 (-CH-NH- *p*-nosyl), 106.1, 110.2, 124.4, 128.6, 141.6, 150.8, 151.4, 155.2 (-C *Aromatic*), 171.6 (-CO₂-). LC-MS (ESI) m/z: 355.1 (MH⁺). Anal. calcd. for C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₇S: C, 47.46; H, 3.98; N, 7.91; found: C, 47.38; H, 4.08; N, 7.84. HRMS (ESI) m/z: (MH⁺) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₇S: 355.0517; found: 355.0513.

19. methyl 2-(4-nitrophenylsulfonamido)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propanoate (8d)

Product isolated as *yellow semisolid*. ^1H NMR 400 MHz in CDCl_3 , δ : 1H (dd, $J=10.6, 5.4$ Hz, $\delta=2.94$), 1H (dd, $J=8.4, 4.2$ Hz, $\delta=3.32$), 3H (m, $\delta=3.66$), 1H (m, $\delta=3.84-3.78$), 2H (m, $\delta=6.92-6.87$), 1H (m, $\delta=7.46-7.41$), 2H (m, $\delta=8.18-8.13$), 2H (m, $\delta=8.42-8.36$). ^{13}C NMR, 100 MHz in CDCl_3 , δ : 31.2 (- CH_2 - *thiofuran*), 51.8 (- CH_3 *ester*), 59.4 (- CH-NH- *p-nosyl*), 125.4, 127.4, 128.2, 129.1, 137.7, 150.8, 151.2 (- C *Aromatic*), 171.6 (- CO_2 -). LC-MS (ESI) m/z : 371.3 (MH^+). Anal. calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$: C, 45.40; H, 3.81; N, 7.56; found: C, 45.48; H, 3.78; N, 7.71. HRMS (ESI) m/z : (MH^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$: 371.4056; found: 371.4054.

20. methyl 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-(4-nitrophenylsulfonamido)propanoate (8e)

Product isolated as *brown semisolid*. ^1H NMR 400 MHz in DMSO-d_6 , δ : 1H (d, $J=6.2$ Hz, $\delta=2.94$), 1H (dd, $J=8.4, 3.4$ Hz, $\delta=3.18$), 3H (s, $\delta=3.66$), 6H (s, $\delta=3.82$), 1H (dd, $J=8.2, 5.4$ Hz, $\delta=3.88$), 2H (m, $\delta=6.78-6.72$), 1H (m, $\delta=6.88-6.83$), 2H (m, $\delta=8.18-8.13$), 2H (m, $\delta=8.42-8.36$). ^{13}C NMR, 100 MHz in DMSO-d_6 , δ : 36.4 (- CH_2 -*dimethylcatechol*), 51.8 (- CH_3 *ester*), 55.9 (- CH_3 *dimethylcatechol*), 59.2 (- CH-NH- *p-tosyl*), 112.1, 113.2, 124.5, 128.6, 128.8, 129.7, 147.1, 149.5, 150.8, 151.3 (- C *Aromatic*), 171.7 (- CO_2 -). LC-MS (ESI) m/z : 425.2 (MH^+). Anal. calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{S}$: C, 50.94; H, 4.75; N, 6.60; found: C, 51.08; H, 4.66; N, 6.71. HRMS (ESI) m/z : (MH^+) calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{S}$: 425.2384; found: 425.2383.

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