FLÁAJÖKULL
(NORTH LOBE), ICELAND:
Active temperate piedmont lobe glacial landsystem

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FLÁAJÖKULL

Hólmsá

Dimmá

- Glacifluvial deposits, including eskers
- Till and moraines dating to the Little Ice Age (superimposed on overidden moraines)
- Residuum or weathered bedrock, and areas of weathered pre-Little Ice Age till (including areas of aeolian deposits and peat)
- Glacilacustrine deposits
- Made ground
- Paraglacial deposits, small bedrock exposures and debris flow fans and scree
- Bedrock (including small patches of residuum and thin till)
- Glacier ice
- Flutings
- Relict channels
- Lakes and kettle holes
- Rivers
- Major terrace
- Meltwater channels
- Esker
- Moraine ridges
- Crevasse fills and minor till eskers
- Contours (20m intervals)
- Track
- Crop patterns
- Field boundaries
- Location of 1:350 scale map

N

0 metres 500

Scale 1:6,250

Based on aerial photography by
Landmælingar Islands, July 1989.

UTM 28N Projection

Contour interval: 20m
(based on ISN 93 datum)
Lambert Projection

Map to accompany paper:
Evans D.J.A., Ewertowski M and Orton C. (2014)
Fláajökull, Iceland:
Active temperate peidmont lobe glacial landsystem.