**Supplementary table1. Inclusion/exclusion criteria for Quantitative Systematic Review**

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|  | **Inclusion** | **Exclusion** |
| **Population** | Adults (18 -65) living with the following long-term progressive and non-progressive neurological conditions:  Multiple Sclerosis  Parkinson’s Disease  Acquired Brain Injury  Dystonia | Children  Adults over 65  Any other progressive or non-progressive neurological conditions.  Carers |
| **Intervention** | **Community rehabilitation and support services** as defined by NSF long term neurological conditions (DOH 2005) which focus on the activity and participation domains of the ICF (ICF 2001) ie. rehabilitation and support services which aim to help people to live as independently as possible and improve their quality of life:  Outreach from specialist centres  Day centre and Outpatient  Group or individual  Home based rehabilitation (including residential settings where an individual lives)  Rehabilitation in local environment (community setting)  Delivered by health and social care professionals/community teams/Interdisciplinary/interprofessional/multiprofessional interagency. | Community services and Intervention which focus on the domain of impairment (ICF 2001)  Inpatient rehabilitation and/or treatment.  Any services received whilst the individual is not living in their home or in their place of residence.  Transition from child to adult services |
| **Comparison** | This could be a comparison between any of the interventions above or a comparison with community rehabilitation or support services/intervention which focus on the domain of impairment only (ICF 2001) | Inpatient rehabilitation and/or treatment.  Any services received whilst the individual is not living in their home or in their place of residence.  Transition from child to adult services |
| **Outcome** | Primary or secondary ‘outcomes’ which capture patient experience.  Patient experience/patient experience measure/patient reported experiences measures (measures of a patient’s perception of their personal experience of the community rehabilitation and/or support they have received) ie ‘How people think or feel about what happens when they use services’ [74].  These must be validated (at least one validation study). They may be   * Generic * Disease specific | Patient reported Outcome Measures  Professional reported Outcome measures  Measures of community rehabilitation and/or support services which do not capture experience of using services  Non validated measures of patient experience |
| **Study Design** | Primary Research Studies  Quantitative: Experimental/non-experimental, Prospective/Retrospective  These may include  Experimental: Randomised Control Trials’s (group designs and single subject)  Non-Experimental: Surveys, case control, cohort, correlation research, developmental research, evaluations and audits, policy research.  Quantitative data from mixed methods studies  Any language  Any geographical location | Qualitative studies  Dissertation  Conference abstracts |