Glacial dispersal trains in North America

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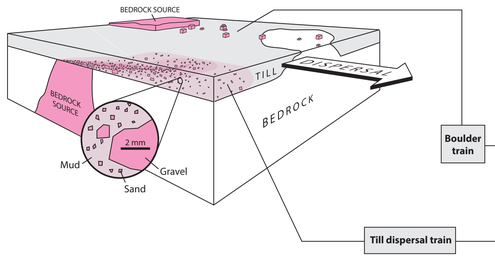
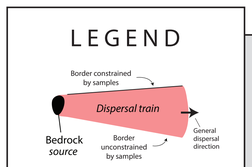
Dispersal Trains



LEGEND



A — Gravel at surface

B — Granules, pebbles and/or cobbles in till*
Sand and/or visible silt in till
Geochemical signature of mud** fraction of till
Paleozoic carbonate particles in till (mud, sand and/or gravel)

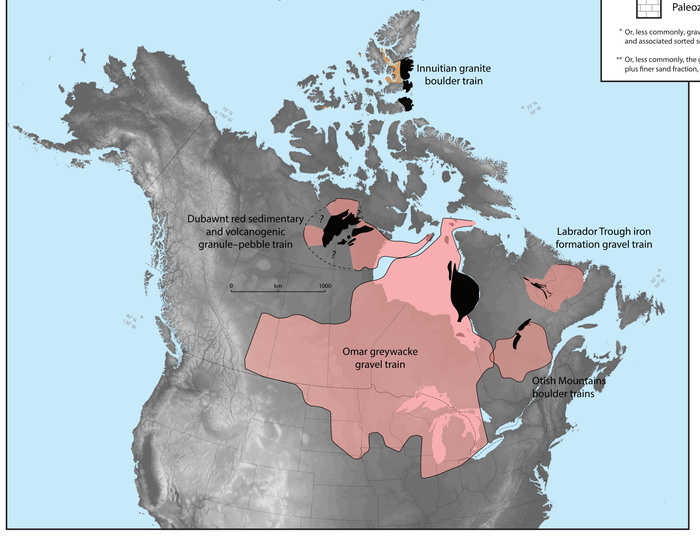
Paleozoic carbonate bedrock

* Or, less commonly, gravel clasts in glacial "drift" (i.e., till and associated sorted sediment).

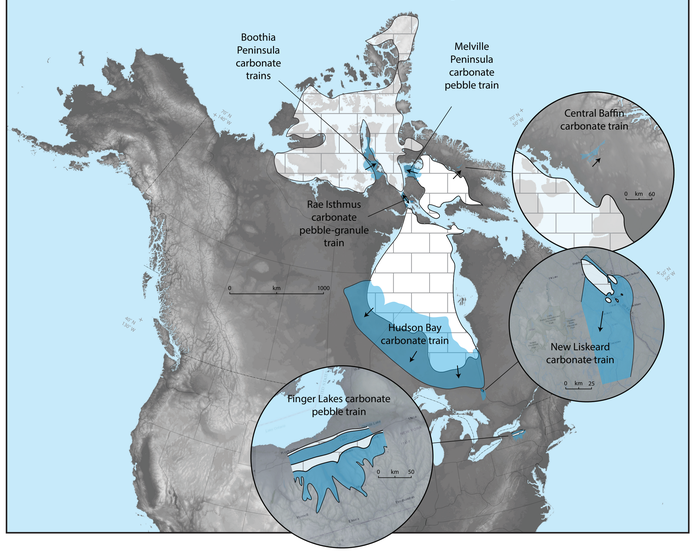
** Or, less commonly, the geochemical signature of the mud plus finer sand fraction, or sand-sized heavy minerals in till.

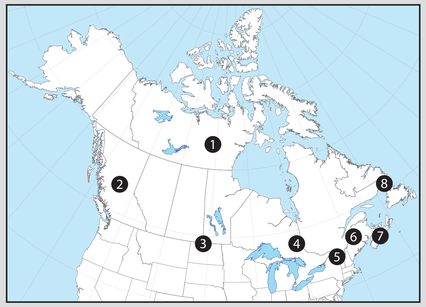
Large dispersal trains

(large Paleozoic carbonate trains notwithstanding)

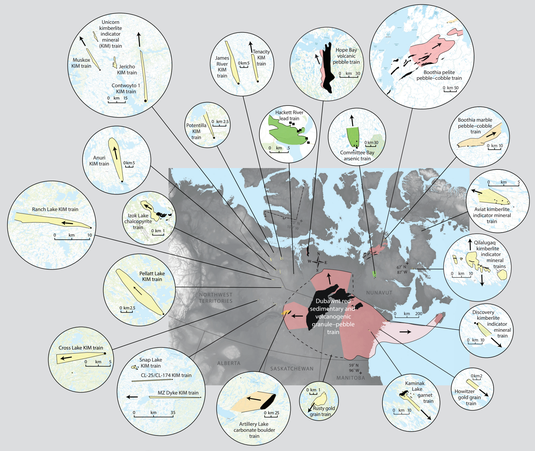


Paleozoic-carbonate dispersal trains





Smaller trains, region by region


Dubawnt red sedimentary and volcanogenic granule–pebble train
Ranch Lake KIM train
Pellatt Lake KIM train
Cross Lake KIM train
Snap Lake dyke KIM train
CL-25/CL-174 KIM train
MZ Dyke KIM train
Artillery Lake carbonate boulder train
Aviat kimberlite indicator mineral train
Oilvalujaq kimberlite indicator mineral train
Discovery kimberlite indicator mineral train
Kaminak Lake gabbro train
Howitzer gold grain train
Hope Bay volcanic pebble train
Roottha pebble pebble–cobble train
Roottha marble pebble–cobble train
Hackett River lead train
Committee Bay arsenic train
Ursus gold grain train
Boomerang gold grain train
Lac de Gras KIM train
Misery KIM train
Jericho KIM train
Contwoyto I KIM train
Muskox KIM train
Lynx KIM train
Leslie KIM train
Uniform KIM train
Lincoln kimberlite indicator mineral (KIM) train
Ursus gold grain train
Boomerang gold grain train
Hackett River lead train
Committee Bay arsenic train
Roottha marble pebble–cobble train
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