

Supplementary Table 1: Influence of different p-hydroxybenzoic acid concentrations supplemented into cereal based agar on the mean *in vitro* contents of aurofusarin (AUF), zearalenone (ZEA), diacetoxyscirpenol (DAS), neosolaniol (NEO), T-2/HT-2 toxins (T-2/HT-2) and nivalenol (NIV) in $\mu\text{g kg}^{-1}$ and percent reduction relative to the untreated control (%) of *Fusarium graminearum*, *F. langsethiae* and *F. poae* (n = 675). Mean values in rows with different letters indicate significant differences between concentrations according to a Tukey test ($\alpha=0.05$).

Species	Mycotoxin	p-hydroxybenzoic acid concentration ($\mu\text{g kg}^{-1}$)										
		Control		1'000			10'000			100'000		
<i>F. graminearum</i>	AUF	137'240	a	35'283	(74%)	b	31'365	(77%)	b	21'218	(85%)	b
	ZEA	34	a	3	(6%)	b	5	(94%)	b	5	(98%)	b
<i>F. langsethiae</i>	DAS	3'643	a	440	(88%)	b	338	(91%)	b	451	(88%)	b
	NEO	6'734	a	648	(90%)	b	583	(91%)	b	1'076	(84%)	b
	T-2/HT-2	47'379	a	9'265	(80%)	b	7'480	(84%)	b	12'719	(73%)	b
<i>F. poae</i>	AUF	41'565	a	3'798	(91%)	b	4'523	(89%)	b	6'528	(84%)	b
	DAS	4'759	a	155	(97%)	b	213	(-96%)	b	837	(82%)	b
	NIV	176	a	3	(98%)	b	2	(99%)	b	44	(75%)	b