

Supplementary Table 2: Influence of different quercetin concentrations supplemented into cereal based agar on the mean *in vitro* contents of aurofusarin (AUF), zearalenone (ZEA), diacetoxyscirpenol (DAS), neosolaniol (NEO), T-2/HT-2 toxins (T-2/HT-2) and nivalenol (NIV) in $\mu\text{g kg}^{-1}$ and percent reduction relative to the untreated control (%) of *Fusarium graminearum*, *F. langsethiae* and *F. poae* (n = 675). Negative values represent increased toxin production compared with the untreated control. Mean values in rows with different letters indicate significant differences between concentrations according to a Tukey test ($\alpha=0.05$).

Species	Mycotoxin	Quercetin concentration (µg kg ⁻¹)										
		Control		1'000		10'000		100'000				
<i>F. graminearum</i>	AUF	9'018	bc	36'183	(-301%)	a	18'678	(-107%)	ab	2'050	(77%)	c
	ZEA	6	a	2	(67%)	a	4	(33%)	a	2	(67%)	a
<i>F. langsethiae</i>	DAS	1'047	a	268	(74%)	ab	440	(58%)	ab	187	(82%)	b
	NEO	1'508	a	458	(70%)	ab	620	(59%)	ab	326	(78%)	b
	T-2/HT-2	13'511	a	5'573	(59%)	a	9'009	(33%)	a	3'274	(76%)	a
<i>F. poae</i>	AUF	413	b	3'647	(-783%)	a	1'459	(-253%)	ab	100	(76%)	c
	DAS	110	b	245	(-123%)	a	127	(-15%)	b	329	(-199%)	a
	NIV	3	a	1	(67%)	a	1	(67%)	a	4	(-33%)	a