## Supplemental materials

## A Short Step Synthesis of Peramine, a Metabolite of Endophytic Fungi

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((3-Butyn-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (S2): 3-Butyn-1-ol (S1) (21.0 g, 300 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (100 mL) and the solution was stirred to 0 °C for 1 h. To this solution were added imidazole (40.8 g, 600 mmol) and TBSCl (45.2 g, 300 mmol). After stirring at rt for 1.5 h, the mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (x3), the combined organic layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (x1) and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was distilled (10 mmHg, 55-60 °C) to give S2 (44.8 g, 83%) as a colorless oil.

**5-((***tert*-**Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pent-2-yn-1-ol (S3)**: Alkyne **S2** (5.70 g, 31.0 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (70 mL) and the solution was stirred to -78 °C for 20 min. To this solution was added n-BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 20.0 mL, 31.0 mmol) dropwise over 5 min. After being warmed up to 0 °C, paraformaldehyde (4.65 g, 155 mmol) was added. Stirring was continued at rt for 4 h, and then the reaction was quenched by addition of water (20 mL). The mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (x3), and then the combined organic layer was washed brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (neutral silica gel, 200 g, hexane:Et<sub>2</sub>O = 2:1 (Rf = 0.25)) to give compound **S3** (6.15 g, 92%) as a colorless oil.

HO OTBS 
$$\frac{\text{NBS, Ph}_3P}{\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2}$$
 Br OTBS

((5-Bromopent-3-yn-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (6): To a solution of compound S3 (1.86 g, 8.65 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) cooled at -23 °C were added recrystallized NBS (1.71 g, 9.52 mmol) and Ph<sub>3</sub>P (2.72 g, 10.4 mmol). After stirring at the same temperature for 1 h, the reaction was quenched with sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution (40 mL). The mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (x3), the combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in Et<sub>2</sub>O, and the precipitate was filtered off and rinsed with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The filtrate was concentrated and

purified by flash column chromatography (neutral silica gel, 70 g, hexane (Rf = 0.16)) to give compound 6 (1.54 g, 63%) as a colorless oil.

## References

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