Supplementary data

New Transformation Pathway and Cytotoxic Derivatives from the Acid Hydrolysis of Timosaponin B III

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Abstract

Timosaponin B III is a major bioactive steroidal saponin isolated from *Anemarrhena asphodeloides* Bge. To potentially discover derivatives with better biological activity, timosaponin B III was structurally modified via acid hydrolysis to yield one new (**2**, timopregnane A I) C_{21} steroidal glycoside and seven known compounds. Their structures were elucidated on the basis of NMR spectroscopy and mass spectrometry. All eight compounds were evaluated for cytotoxic activity against MCF7, SW480, HepG2, and SGC7901 cell lines *in vitro*. As a result, compounds **6** and **7** showed significant activity (IC₅₀2.94–12.2µM) against all tested cell lines. Structure–activity relationships of these compounds were investigated and the preliminary conclusions were provided. Moreover, a new transformation pathway was discovered in the acid hydrolysis of timosaponin B III for the first time.

Keywords: Timosaponin B III, Acid hydrolysis, Steroidal saponins, C₂₁ steroidal glycoside, Cytotoxic activity.

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- Figure S28 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 8 (125 MHz, C₅D₅N)
- **Table S1** NMR data of compound **2** in pyridine- d_5 (δ in ppm, J in Hz).
- **Table S2**The cytotoxic activity of TB-III and compounds 1–8



Figure S1 Key NOESY and HMBC correlations of compound 2



Figure S2 ESI-MS spectrum of compound 1







Figure S4 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 1 (125 MHz, C₅D₅N)



emental Composition Calculator

Target m/z:	501.2821	Result type:	Result type: Positive ions		[M+ Na] ⁺		
Elements:		C (0-80); H (0-120); O (0-30); Na(0-10);					
Ion Formula		Ci	alcalated m/z	PPM Error			
C27H42 Na O7		501.2823		0.33			

Figure S5 HR-ESI-MS spectrum of compound 2







Figure S7 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 2 (125 MHz, C₅D₅N)







HMBC spectrum of compound 2 (C₅D₅N) Figure S9



Figure S10 NOESY spectrum of compound 2 (C₅D₅N)



Figure S11 ESI-MS spectrum of compound 3







Figure S13 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 3 (125 MHz, C₅D₅N)



Figure S14 ESI-MS spectrum of compound 4



Figure S16 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 4 (125 MHz, C₅D₅N)



Figure S17 ESI-MS spectrum of compound 5





Figure S20 ESI-M

ESI-MS spectrum of compound 6



Figure S22 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 6 (125 MHz, C₅D₅N)



Figure S23 ESI-MS spectrum of compound 7





Figure S26 ESI-MS spectrum of compound 8



	2					
No.	$\delta_{ m C}$	$\delta_{ m H}$	No.	$\delta_{ m C}$	$\delta_{ m H}$	
1	31.2	1.73 m, 1.43 m	Gal-1'	104.3	4.85 d (7.5)	
2	27.4	1.90 m, 1.13 m	2'	73.2	4.66 m	
3	74.8	4.36 m	3'	75.9	4.19 dd (3.0, 9.5)	
4	31.0	1.83 m	4'	70.8	4.68 d (3.0)	
5	37.5	2.02 m	5'	77.3	4.08 d (3.0)	
6	27.4	1.94 m, 1.50 m	6'	62.9	4.48 m, 4.45 m	
7	26.9	1.31 m, 1.08 m				
8	34.6	1.50 m				
9	41.1	1.38 m				
10	35.9	-				
11	21.6	1.40 m				
12	35.7	2.59 m, 1.38 m				
13	47.0	-				
14	56.9	1.36 m				
15	32.7	2.18 m, 1.90 m				
16	145.1	6.67 m				
17	156.1	-				
18	16.6	0.93 s				
19	24.1	0.86 s				
20	196.7	-				
21	27.5	2.25 s				

Table S1. NMR data of compound **2** in pyridine- d_5 (δ in ppm, J in Hz).

Table S2. The cytotoxic activity of TB-III and compounds 1–8 a-b

Compound –	IC ₅₀ (µM) / Cell line						
	MCF7	SW480	HepG2	SGC7901			
TB-III	>100	>100	>100	>100			
1	>100	>100	>100	>100			
2	>100	>100	>100	>100			
3	49.5±4.89	78.2±8.79	71.0±4.36	>100			
4	>100	>100	>100	>100			
5	>100	>100	>100	>100			
6	3.34±1.10	2.94±1.05	4.96±0.93	12.2±1.36			
7	6.83±1.99	4.17±0.72	7.83±1.72	4.38±0.50			
8	26.6±3.16	73.1±5.67	43.2±2.13	71.7±3.56			

^a MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma), SW480 (human colon adenocarcinoma), HepG2 (human hepatocellular carcinoma), SGC7901 (human gastric cancer).

^bCompound **6** (timosaponin AIII) was used as positive control.