## Supplementary Data

## Novel 2-substituted-benzimidazole-6-sulfonamides as carbonic anhydrase inhibitors: synthesis, biological evaluation against isoforms I, II, IX and XII and molecular docking studies

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- Preparation of compound 28b: S3
- ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectra of compound 6-19: S5-S32

(a) Toluene, 18 h (98\%); (b) ammonium formate, $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C} 10 \%$, MeOH , reflux, 4 h (98\%); (c) DCM/TFA (9:1), r.t. 3 h ( $99 \%$ ).

Methyl (E)-5-(3-(tert-butoxy)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-2-hydroxybenzoate (36)

To a suspension of methyl 5-formyl-2-hydroxybenzoate ( $400 \mathrm{mg}, 2.22 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in 25 mL of toluene, tert-butyl(triphenylphosphoranylidene)acetate ( $1.67 \mathrm{~g}, 4.44 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h . Solvent was evaporated and the crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (DCM/EtOAc, 9/1) yielding 36 as a white solid ( 605 mg , $98 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 10.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.00(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.63(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=8.7,2.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.51(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.99(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.27(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.98(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $1.53(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{ESI} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}: 279[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$.

Methyl 5-(3-(tert-butoxy)-3-oxopropyl)-2-hydroxybenzoate (37)

To a stirred suspension of $\mathbf{3 6}(550 \mathrm{mg}, 1.97 \mathrm{mmol})$ in 120 mL of MeOH , ammonium formate ( 1.24 $\mathrm{g}, 19.7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and palladium on carbon $10 \% \mathrm{wt}$. ( 36 mg ) were added. The resulting mixture was heated at reflux for 4 h . After cooling, the mixture was filtered, and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude material was taken up with 100 mL of water and extracted with EtOAc (3 $\times 60 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated. The product, obtained as a white solid ( $540 \mathrm{mg}, 98 \%$ ), was used for the next step without further purification. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 10.62(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.69(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $7.33(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=8.5,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.96(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.87(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.53$ ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $1.44(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) . \mathrm{ESI} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}: 281[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$.

3-(4-Hydroxy-3-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)propanoic acid (28b)

Compound $37(500 \mathrm{mg}, 1.78 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in a mixture of DCM/TFA $(5 \mathrm{~mL}, 9 / 1)$ and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 h . Solvent was evaporated yielding essentially pure 28b ( $400 \mathrm{mg}, 99 \%$ ) as a white solid. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 10.65(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.71(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.95(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.97(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.92(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $2.68(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$. ESI m/z: $225[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$.





























