## Supplemental Material

Table S1. Bivariate associations between sleep variables

	Weekdays			Weekends			Relative	Corrected		
	Bedtime	Wake-up time	Sleep duration	Mid-sleep time	Bedtime	Wake-up time	Sleep duration	Mid-sleep time	mid-sleep time on weekdays	mid-sleep time on weekends
Weekdays										
Bedtime	1.000									
Wake-up time	0.348***	1.000								
Sleep duration	-0.788***	0.225***	1.000							
Mid-sleep time	0.911***	0.703***	-0.499***	1.000						
Weekends										
Bedtime	0.796***	0.329***	-0.600***	0.748***	1.000					
Wake-up time	0.328***	0.434***	-0.075**	0.440***	0.446***	1.000				
Sleep duration	-0.369***	0.139***	0.471***	-0.219***	-0.429***	0.589***	1.000			
Mid-sleep time	0.646***	0.452***	-0.381***	0.688***	0.832***	0.867***	0.126***	1.000		
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays	-0.112***	-0.022	0.098***	-0.094***	-0.506***	-0.816***	-0.359***	-0.787***	1.000	
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends	0.612***	0.518***	-0.288***	0.692***	0.919***	0.648***	-0.180***	0.912***	-0.664***	1.000

<sup>\*\*</sup> p < 0.01, \*\*\* p < 0.001

Table S2. Coefficients of sleep duration on weekdays, relative mid-sleep time on weekdays, and corrected mid-sleep time on weekends on the SMFQ score in multivariate linear regression in males and females

Independent variables	Unstandardized coefficient (95% CI)	Standardized coefficient	P value
Males $(n = 942)^{1,2}$			
Sleep duration on weekdays	-0.005 (-0.010, -0.000)	-0.071	0.041
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays	-0.011 (-0.020, -0.003)	-0.126	0.007
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends	-0.001 (-0.009, 0.006)	-0.021	0.684
Females $(n = 940)^{1,3}$			
Sleep duration on weekdays	-0.010 (-0.016, -0.004)	-0.112	0.001
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays	-0.015 (-0.025, -0.006)	-0.136	0.002
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends	0.002 (-0.007, 0.010)	0.018	0.687

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Adjusted by age and school.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ F(7, 934) = 2.73, p < 0.01, adjusted R<sup>2</sup> = 0.013  $^{3}$ F(7, 932) = 7.52, p < 0.001, adjusted R<sup>2</sup> = 0.046

Table S3. Coefficients of sleep duration on weekdays, relative mid-sleep time on weekdays, and corrected mid-sleep time on weekends on the SMFQ score in multivariate linear regression for imputed data sets

Independent variables	Unstandardized coefficient (95% CI)	Standardized coefficient	P value
All $(n = 2309)^{1,2}$			
Sleep duration on weekdays	-0.009 (-0.013, -0.005)	-0.112	< 0.001
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays	-0.015 (-0.021, -0.008)	-0.149	< 0.001
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends	0.001 (-0.005, 0.006)	0.009	0.781
Sleep duration on weekdays $\times$ sex	-0.004 (-0.012, 0.003)	-0.050	0.233
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays $\times$ sex	-0.004 (-0.015, 0.008)	-0.019	0.523
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends $\times$ sex	0.003 (-0.007, 0.014)	0.020	0.546
Males $(n = 1187)^{3,4}$			
Sleep duration on weekdays	-0.007 (-0.012, -0.002)	-0.093	0.007
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays	-0.013 (-0.021, -0.005)	-0.143	0.002
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends	-0.001 (-0.008, 0.006)	-0.009	0.862
Females $(n = 1122)^{3,5}$			
Sleep duration on weekdays	-0.011 (-0.017, -0.006)	-0.128	< 0.001
Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays	-0.017 (-0.026, -0.007)	-0.153	0.001
Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends	0.002 (-0.006, 0.011)	0.024	0.613

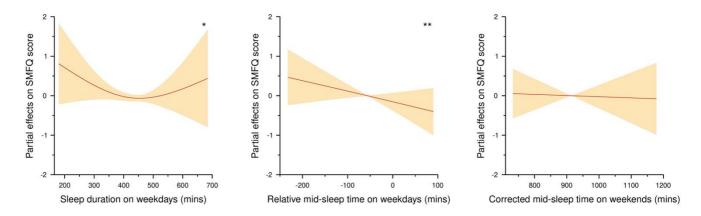
 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Adjusted by age, sex, and school.  $^{2}$ F(11, 2138.7) = 12.71, p < 0.001, adjusted R<sup>2</sup> = 0.058  $^{3}$ Adjusted by age and school.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$ F(7, 1122.2) = 5.24, p < 0.001, adjusted  $R^2$  = 0.027  $^5$ F(7, 1076.4) = 9.77, p < 0.001, adjusted  $R^2$  = 0.056

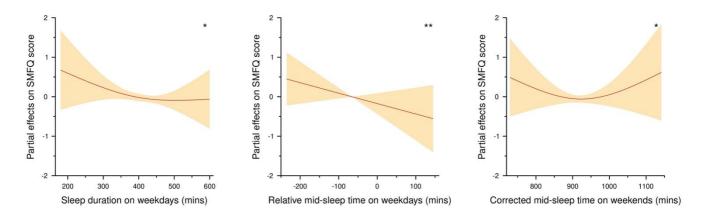
 $Table \ S4. \ Estimated \ relations \ of \ sleep \ duration \ on \ weekdays, \ relative \ mid-sleep \ time \ on \ weekdays, \ and \ corrected \ mid-sleep \ time \ on \ weekends \ with \ the \ SMFQ \ score \ using \ GAM \ in \ males \ and \ females$ 

Smooth terms of independent variables	Estimated degrees of freedom	Chi-square	P value
Males $(n = 942)^{1,2}$			
s(Sleep duration on weekdays)	1.87	10.24	0.010
s(Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays)	1.04	7.33	0.009
s(Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends)	1.00	0.11	0.739
Females $(n = 940)^{1,3}$			
s(Sleep duration on weekdays)	1.70	9.97	0.018
s(Relative mid-sleep time on weekdays)	1.01	6.84	0.009
s(Corrected mid-sleep time on weekends)	1.87	6.45	0.038

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Adjusted by age and school.  $^{2}$ Adjusted  $R^{2} = 0.016$   $^{3}$ Adjusted  $R^{2} = 0.063$ 



**Figure S1**. Estimated partial effects of sleep duration on weekdays, relative mid-sleep time on weekdays, and corrected mid-sleep time on weekends on the Short Mood and Feelings Questionnaire (SMFQ) score from a Generalized Additive Model (GAM) in males. The shadowed areas represent 95% confidence intervals. Natural cubic splines were applied to detect the best model shape. Age and school were used as covariates. Significant associations are marked with asterisks (\*\*P < 0.01; \*P < 0.05).



**Figure S2.** Estimated partial effects of sleep duration on weekdays, relative mid-sleep time on weekdays, and corrected mid-sleep time on weekends on the SMFQ score from a GAM in females. The shadowed areas represent 95% confidence intervals. Natural cubic splines were applied to detect the best model shape. Age and school were used as covariates. Significant associations are marked with asterisks (\*\*P < 0.01; \*P < 0.05).