

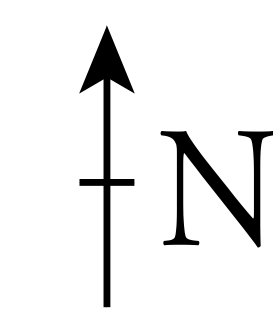
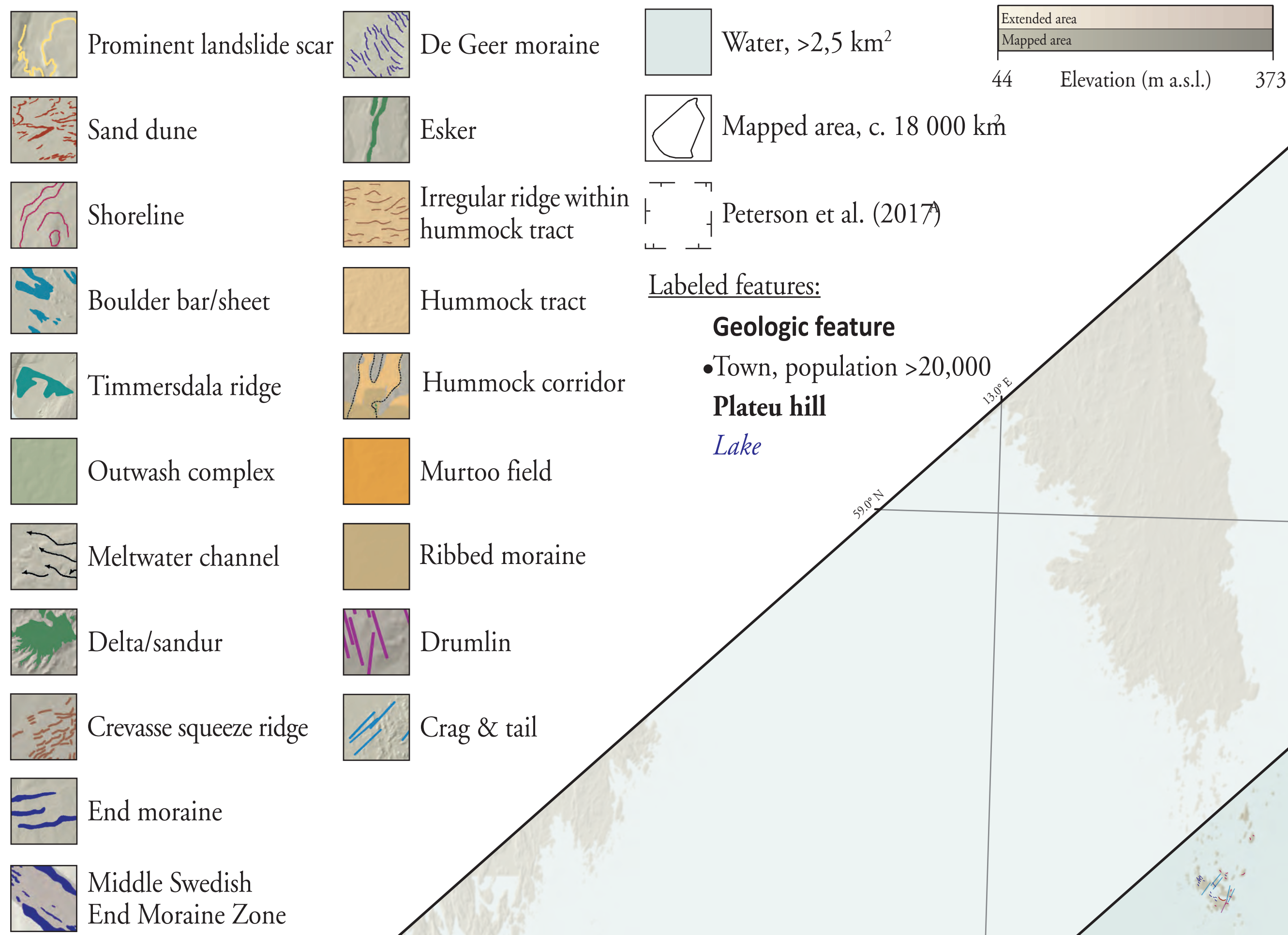
GLACIAL GEOMORPHOLOGY

BETWEEN LAKE VÄNERN AND LAKE VÄTTERN, SOUTHERN SWEDEN

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Projection & Datum
SWEREF99 TM (EPSG 3006), Transverse Mercator,
SWEREF 99 (GRS 1980)

Grid
Latitude & Longitude, decimal degrees. World Geodetic
System 1984 (EPSG 4326) Geographic, WGS 84

Map Accuracy
The positional and vertical accuracy associated with the mapped
landforms are estimated to be <5 meters for individual landforms and
<50 meters for hummock tracts and esker-delta complexes.

Basemap
The national elevation model of Sweden (NH) downloaded to 20 m resolution
with a cluster hillshade (dominated 3139) overlay, © Lantmäteriet (L2014/00696).
Topographic map from "Terängskartan", © Lantmäteriet (L2014/00696).
Overview map credits: USGS, NASA, CGIAR, N Geodatastyrelsen and the GIS
user community, retrieved from ESRI ArcGIS online April 26, 2017.

References
^a Peterson et al. (2017). Glacial geomorphology of the South Swedish Uplands:
Focus on the Spatial Distribution of Hummock Tracts, *Journal of Maps* 13, 2, 534–544.
^b Geological survey of Sweden (2016). Highest coastline model [Data set]. Retrieved
March 24, 2017, from www.gu.se
^c Geological survey of Sweden (2016). Drift depth model [Data set]. Retrieved
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^d Geological survey of Sweden (2016). Glacial striations [Data set]. Retrieved
March 24, 2017, from www.gu.se

Scale: 1:220 000 when printed at A0

50 kilometres

