Rallying around the unwaved flag. National identity and Sweden's controversial Covid strategy

Gina Gustavsson and Jonas Larsson Taghizadeh Department of Government, Uppsala University, Sweden

Online Appendices

A. Variable descriptions

Table 4: Variable descriptions for the main variables

Variables	Explanation	Mean	Std Dev
Confidence corona	How much confidence do you have in the	1.996	1.219
response	Swedish authorities' handling of the spread		
	of the coronavirus in Sweden?		
	(0-4, 0=Very low, 4=Very high)	2 2 4 4	0.5.5
Lockdown narrative	The degree to which the respondents agree	2.364	0.667
index	that closing down society (lockdowns) is:		
	-undemocratic and authoritarian		
	-unnecessary in Sweden -detrimental to the country's economy		
	-dangerous to mental health		
	-devastating to those who are abused in the		
	home		
	(0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly		
	agrees)		
Uncritical patriotism	The degree to which the respondents	1.478	0.638
	disagree with the following:		
	-There are certain things about today's		
	Sweden that I feel ashamed of		
	-People should support their country even if		
	the country is doing wrong (reverse)		
	-I am often less proud of Sweden than I		
	would like to be		
	-The world would be a better place if		
	Swedes acknowledged Sweden's mistakes and shortcomings		
	(0-4, 0=strongly agrees, 4=strongly		
	disagrees)		
National chauvinism	The degree to which the respondents agree	2.448	0.795
	with the following statements:		
	-I would rather live in Sweden than in any		
	other country in the world		

-The world would be better if people in other countries were more like Swedes -Sweden is a better country than most other countries. (0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly agrees) Instititutional national pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel close to Sweden
-Sweden is a better country than most other countries. (0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly agrees) Instititutional national pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
countries. (0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly agrees) Instititutional national pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
(0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly agrees) Instititutional national pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
Instititutional national pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 O.797
Instititutional national pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
pride proud of: -The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
-The way democracy works in Sweden -Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
-Sweden's economic achievements -The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
-The country's scientific and technological achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
achievements (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
(0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
National pride The degree to which the respondents are proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
proud of being Swedish (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
National attachment (0-3, 0=Not Proud, 3=Very proud) The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
National attachment The degree to which the respondents feel 2.064 0.797
(0-3, 0=not close at all 3=Very close)
Ethnic nationhood How important the respondents think the 1.119 0.954
following is for someone to be truly
Swedish:
-being born in Sweden
-having Swedish ancestors
(0-3, 0=Not very important, 3=Very
important)
Individualism Prioritizing freedom over safety, self- 1.885 1.182
realization over duties, independence over
getting help, and autonomy over
community (0-4, 0=prioritizing the latter in
all four cases 4=prioritizing the former in
all cases)
Interpersonal trust Do you think that most people can be 6.299 2.644
trusted or do you think that you cannot be
too careful in dealing with other people? (0-
10, 0=you cannot be too careful, 10=most
people can be trusted)
Voted left Whether or not the respondent voted for 0.421 0.494
left-leaning parties (Greens, social
democrats or the left party) in the previous
(2018) election

^{*}Unstandardized means and Std Dev.

Table 5: Variable descriptions for variables that are only included in the appendix

Variables	Explanation	Mean*	Std Dev*
Confidence in	How much or little trust/confidence do you	1.829	1.249
government	have in the following actors:		
	-The government		
	(0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly		
	agrees)		
Confidence in PHA	How much or little trust/confidence do you	2.219	1.177
	have in the following actors:		
	-The Public Health Agency		
	(0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly		
Civicness	agrees)	2.503	0.557
Civiciness	How important the respondent think the following is for someone to be truly	2.303	0.337
	Swedish:		
	-Being a Swedish citizen		
	-Able to speak Swedish		
	-Respecting the Swedish way of governance		
	and its laws		
	(0-3, 0=Not very important, 3=Very		
	important)		
Risk aversion	The degree to which the respondents agree	3.032	0.850
	that it is important that public officials in		
	crises play it safe and avoid risks		
	(0-4, 0=strongly disagrees, 4=strongly		
	agrees)		
Health anxiety	How concerned are you that each of the	1.944	1.190
	following options could occur as a result of		
	COVID 19 (coronavirus) pandemic?		
	-That I could get seriously ill or die		
	-That my friends or my family could get		
	seriously ill or die		
Economic anxiety	(0-4, 0=not worried at all, 4=very worried) How concerned are you that each of the	1.677	1.315
Economic anxiety	following options could occur as a result of	1.077	1.313
	COVID 19 (coronavirus) pandemic?		
	-That my finances will be hit hard		
Potential risk group	Which, if any, of the following diagnoses	0.192	0.394
1 overview rish growp	have you received	0.172	0.07
	-Asthma		
	-Cancer		
	-Diabetes		
	-HIV/AIDS		
	-Heart disease		
	-Stroke		
	(0,1, 0=none, 1=at least of the diagnoses)		
Health	Are your daily activities limited/hindered	0.350	0.478
problem/disability	by a health problem or a disability that has		

lasted or is expected to last for at least 12	
months?	
(0,1,0=no,1=yes)	

^{*}Unstandardized means and Std Dev

B. National identity in Sweden and in the EU.

Table 6: Different dimensions of national identity

	Swedish average	EU average
National attachment (0-3)	1.955	1.993
National pride (0-3)	2.259	2.279
National chauvinism (0-4)	2.311	2.235
Uncritical patriotism (0-4)	1.600	1.583
Ethnic nationhood (0-3)	1.094	1.809
Institutional national pride (0-3)	2.033	1.493

^{*}Means. The variables in this table are based on the same statements/questions as in our empirical analysis.

Data from ISSP 2013

C. Description of the sampling procedure

Quota sampling was used to get a representative sample of the Swedish population in terms of gender, age, location and political party preference. In other words, the panel was segmented in mutually exclusive sub-groups and members were selected from each segment based on the characteristics of the population and the total sample size. After obtaining enough answers from a certain group (e.g., women 50+ years old) the group was closed and the survey as a whole was completed once all groups/quotas were filled. By using this type of sampling, we handle the well-known problem with low and declining response rates that plagues survey-based research all over the world today. Given the low response rate in certain groups (e.g.,

among young males), random sampling could have resulted in a less representative sample overall. Using quota sampling, Yougouv have succeeded in predicting election results with very high precision in many countries, such as England, the USA and Denmark (Yougov 2021).

References:

Yougov. (2021). *Om onlinepaneler och tillförlitligheten*. Available online at: https://yougov.se/news/2015/08/21/om-onlinepaneler-och-tillforlitligheten/

D. Comparison between our sample and the Swedish population

Table 7: Comparison between our sample and the Swedish population

Characteristics	Sample	Sweden 2020
Women	55 %	50 %
18-24 years	7 %	12 %
25-34 years	15 %	16%
35-44 years	16 %	16%
45-54 years	18 %	17%
55-64 years	16 %	15%
65+ years	27 %	25%
Foreign background	15 %	26 %
Higher education	64 %	41 %
Voted left-leaning parties 2018	42 %	41 %
Region: Stockholm (capital)	22 %	22 %
Region: North-Mid Sweden	18 %	18 %
Region: Northern Sweden	11 %	12 %
Region: South-Mid Sweden	31 %	30 %
Region: South Sweden	18 %	18 %

E. Effects of background characteristics

Table 8: Effects of background characteristics on confidence in the Swedish corona response, the Swedish lockdown narrative index and confidence in government (OLS, unstandardized variables)

	Confidence corona		Lockdowi	Lockdown narrative		Confidence in	
	response		inc	index		Government	
	(0-	-4)	(0-	-4)	(0-	-4)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Woman	0.228***	0.133*	0.058^{+}	0.076^{*}	0.399***	0.237***	
(0,1)	(0.055)	(0.057)	(0.030)	(0.033)	(0.056)	(0.054)	
Age category	0.017	0.025	-0.055***	-0.058***	0.016	0.023	
(0-5)	(0.017)	(0.018)	(0.009)	(0.010)	(0.017)	(0.017)	
Higher education	0.009	0.040	0.019	0.023	0.046	0.069	
(0,1)	(0.058)	(0.059)	(0.031)	(0.034)	(0.059)	(0.056)	
Foreign background	-0.088	-0.164*	-0.115**	-0.157***	0.015	-0.060	
(0,1)	(0.077)	(0.080)	(0.042)	(0.046)	(0.078)	(0.076)	
Voted for left-leaning		0.878^{***}		0.105^{**}		1.258***	
parties 2018 (0,1)		(0.057)		(0.033)		(0.054)	
Constant	2.829^{***}	2.518^{**}	2.509^{***}	2.481***	1.530***	1.099***	
	(0.076)	(0.083)	(0.042)	(0.047)	(0.078)	(0.079)	
Party controls	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
N	1994	1698	1970	1676	1983	1693	
adj. R ²	0.008	0.131	0.021	0.034	0.024	0.261	

Notes. p < .10, p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001.

F. Correlation matrix on the national identity variables

Table 9: Correlation matrix

	Uncritical patriotism	National chauvinism	National institutional pride	National pride	National attachment	Ethnic nationhood
National chauvinism	0.317***		pride			
Institutional national pride	0.341***	0.460***				
National pride	0.379***	0.460***	0.537***			
National attachment	0.281***	0.372***	0.502***	0.547***		
Ethnic nationhood	-0.041+	0.106***	-0.202***	0.034*	0.004	
Civicness	-0.104***	0.152***	0.057*	0.158***	0.161***	0.383***

Notes. p < .10, p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001.

G. Cronbachs Alpha for the indices and alternative results when removing a deviant item

Table 10: Cronbachs Alpha for the indices

	Cronbachs Alpha
Lockdown	0.694
narrative	
index	
National	0.677
chauvinism	
Institutional	0.744
national pride	
Uncritical	0.529 (0.673*)
patriotism	
Ethnic	0.400
nationhood	

^{*}Alpha when removing a deviant reversed item: People should support their country even if the country is doing wrong (reverse). Removing the deviant item does not affect the results regarding the uncritical patriotism index to a meaningful degree (see Table 11).

Table 11: Results with the uncritical patriotism index without the deviant item (OLS, standardized variables)

	Confide	nce corona i	response	Lockdo	wn narrativ	e index	Confid	lence in Gov	ernment
		(0-4)			(0-4)			(0-4)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(6)
Uncritical patriotism	3.127***	1.733***	1.658***	0.523***	0.095	0.167	3.198***	1.759***	1.510***
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.128)	(0.147)	(0.154)	(0.079)	(0.099)	(0.107)	(0.130)	(0.147)	(0.146)
Constant	1.894***	0.589^{***}	0.543**	2.353***	1.766***	1.731***	0.588^{***}	-0.464**	-0.467***
	(0.077)	(0.140)	(0.142)	(0.047)	(0.094)	(0.099)	(0.079)	(0.140)	(0.135)
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Controls for the other	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
explanatory variables									
Party controls	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
N	1976	1382	1215	1955	1369	1205	1968	1373	1211
adj. R ²	0.237	0.445	0.495	0.043	0.126	0.140	0.252	0.463	0.568

Notes. p < .10, p < .05, p < .01, p < .01, p < .001. All models include background controls for age, gender, education and foreign background. Controls for the other explanatory variables: national chauvinism, institutional national pride, national attachment, ethnic nationhood, individualism, interpersonal trust. Party controls: voted for left leaning parties.

H. Effects on confidence in the government and the PHA

Table 12: Effects on confidence in the government and the PHA (OLS, standardized variables)

	Confi	dence	Confi	dence
	government		PF	łΑ
	(0-1, 5)	steps)	(0-1, 5 steps)	
	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)
Uncritical patriotism	0.504***	0.419***	0.423***	0.414***
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.045)	(0.044)	(0.043)	(0.045)
National chauvinism	0.122^{**}	0.083^{*}	0.116^{**}	0.082^{*}
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.039)	(0.039)	(0.038)	(0.040)
Institutional national	0.412^{***}	0.331***	0.343^{***}	0.286^{***}
pride (0-1, 3 steps)	(0.038)	(0.037)	(0.036)	(0.038)
National pride	0.025	0.043	0.061^{*}	0.066^{*}
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.029)	(0.028)	(0.028)	(0.029)
National attachment	-0.013	-0.018	0.021	0.043
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.031)	(0.030)	(0.030)	(0.031)
Ethnic nationhood	-0.090***	-0.070**	-0.078***	-0.077***
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.022)	(0.021)	(0.021)	(0.022)
Individualism	-0.083***	-0.064**	-0.060**	-0.033
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.022)	(0.021)	(0.021)	(0.022)
Interpersonal trust	0.240^{***}	0.241^{***}	0.208^{***}	0.228^{***}
(0-1, 10 steps)	(0.027)	(0.026)	(0.026)	(0.027)
Constant	-0.136***	-0.135***	0.024	0.025
	(0.035)	(0.034)	(0.034)	(0.035)
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Party controls	No	Yes	No	Yes
N	1368	1207	1374	1210
adj. R ²	0.457	0.563	0.416	0.456

I. Support for different dimensions of national identity in Sweden in ISSP 2013 and our sample from 2021

Table 13: Support for different dimensions of national identity in Sweden in ISSP 2013 and our sample from 2021

	Sweden (ISSP 2013)	Sweden (our data 2021)
National attachment (0-3)	1.955	2.064
National pride (0-3)	2.259	2.042
National chauvinism (0-4)	2.311	2.448
Uncritical patriotism (0-4)	1.600	1.478
Ethnic nationhood (0-3)	1.094	1.119
Institutional national pride (0-3)	2.033	1.843

^{*}Means. The variables in this table are based on the same statements/questions as in our empirical analysis.

J. Results with unstandardized variables

Table 14: Effects of different dimensions of national identity on overall confidence in the Swedish corona response with unstandardized variables (OLS)

		Confidence corona response								
	(0-4)									
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Uncritical	0.929***									
patriotism	(0.038)									
(0-4)										
National		0.571***								
chauvinism		(0.032)								
(0-4)										
Institutional			0.975^{***}							
national pride			(0.035)							
(0-3)										
National pride				0.599^{***}						
(0-3)				(0.029)						
National					0.518***					
attachment					(0.034)					
(0-3)										
Ethnic						-0.215***				
nationhood						(0.030)				
(0-3)										
Individualism							-0.158***			
(0-4)							(0.025)			
Interpersonal								0.189^{***}		
trust								(0.010)		
(0-10)										
Constant	1.603***	1.359***	1.172***	1.711***	1.872***	3.134***	3.147***	1.787***		
	(0.084)	(0.109)	(0.096)	(0.092)	(0.098)	(0.088)	(0.095)	(0.087)		
Background	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
controls										
N	1970	1975	1714	1850	1904	1907	1995	1990		
adj. R ²	0.236	0.145	0.314	0.192	0.117	0.033	0.031	0.171		

Table 15: Effects of different dimensions of national identity on the Swedish lockdown narrative index with unstandardized variables (OLS)

	Lockdown narrative index									
	(0-4)									
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Uncritical patriotism	0.165***									
(0-4)	(0.023)									
National chauvinism		0.190^{***}								
(0-4)		(0.018)								
Institutional national			0.220^{***}							
pride (0-3)			(0.022)							
National pride				0.208^{***}						
(0-3)				(0.017)						
National attachment					0.125^{***}					
(0-3)					(0.019)					
Ethnic nationhood						-0.021				
(0-3)						(0.016)				
Individualism index							-0.014			
(0-4)							(0.013)			
Interpersonal trust								0.046^{***}		
(0-10)								(0.006)		
Constant	2.290^{***}	2.028***	2.146***	2.121***	2.299^{***}	2.554***	2.545***	2.256^{***}		
	(0.052)	(0.062)	(0.060)	(0.053)	(0.056)	(0.048)	(0.052)	(0.052)		
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
N	1950	1954	1696	1826	1884	1888	1776	1990		
adj. R ²	0.045	0.073	0.077	0.095	0.042	0.022	0.023	0.054		

Notes. p < .05, p < .05, p < .01, p < .01, p < .001. All models include background controls for age, gender, education and foreign background

Table 16: Effects on confidence in the Swedish corona response and the Swedish lockdown narrative index when including all the explanatory variables with unstandardized variables (OLS)

	Confiden	ce corona	Lockdown narrative		
	resp	onse	inc	lex	
	(0-	-4)	(0-	-4)	
	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	
Uncritical patriotism	0.527***	0.490***	0.045	0.062+	
(0-4)	(0.044)	(0.046)	(0.030)	(0.032)	
National chauvinism	0.105^{**}	0.058	0.067^{*}	0.083^{**}	
(0-4)	(0.039)	(0.041)	(0.026)	(0.028)	
Institutional national	0.564^{***}	0.497^{***}	0.092^{**}	0.092^{*}	
pride (0-3)	(0.050)	(0.052)	(0.034)	(0.036)	
National pride	0.117^{**}	0.129^{**}	0.135***	0.122^{***}	
(0-3)	(0.039)	(0.040)	(0.026)	(0.028)	
National attachment	-0.054	-0.032	-0.030	-0.027	
(0-3)	(0.041)	(0.042)	(0.028)	(0.029)	
Ethnic nationhood	-0.043	-0.021	0.020	-0.013	
(0-3)	(0.029)	(0.030)	(0.019)	(0.021)	
Individualism index	-0.034	-0.014	0.020	0.024	
(0-4)	(0.022)	(0.022)	(0.015)	(0.016)	
Interpersonal trust	0.093***	0.098^{***}	0.025^{***}	0.023^{**}	
(0-10)	(0.011)	(0.011)	(0.007)	(0.008)	
Constant	0.412^{**}	0.365^{*}	1.728***	1.694***	
	(0.143)	(0.146)	(0.096)	(0.101)	
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Party controls	No	Yes	No	Yes	
N	1377	1211	1365	1202	
adj. R ²	0.447	0.493	0.127	0.141	

K. Results with binary dependent variables and logistic regression

Table 17: Effects of different dimensions of national identity on overall confidence in the Swedish corona response (Logit, standardized variables 0,1)

			Confi	dence coron		ımmy				
	(0,1)									
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Uncritical	8.147***									
patriotism	(0.474)									
(0-1, 4 steps)		***								
National		4.107***								
chauvinism		(0.312)								
(0-1, 4 steps)			***							
Institutional			6.259***							
national pride			(0.372)							
(0-1, 3 steps)				2 200***						
National pride				3.390***						
(0-1, 3 steps)				(0.224)	2.727***					
National					2.727***					
attachment					(0.227)					
(0-1, 3 steps) Ethnic						-1.177***				
nationhood						(0.174)				
(0-1, 3 steps)						(0.174)				
Individualism							-1.184***			
(0-1, 4 steps)							(0.192)			
Interpersonal							(0.172)	3.617***		
trust								(0.239)		
(0-1, 10 steps)								(0.20)		
Constant	-2.672***	-2.859***	-3.804***	-2.321***	-1.850***	0.399^{*}	0.411^{*}	-1.817***		
	(0.227)	(0.263)	(0.301)	(0.230)	(0.216)	(0.171)	(0.188)	(0.199)		
Background	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
controls										
N	1501	1504	1337	1430	1475	1471	1366	1516		
Pseudo R ²	0.217	0.114	0.261	0.161	0.094	0.032	0.032	0.171		

Notes. ^+p < .10, *p < .05, $^{**}p$ < .01, $^{***}p$ < .001. Confidence corona response dummy=1 if confidence is high or very high, 0 if confidence is low or very low. All models include background controls for age, gender, education and foreign background

Table 18: Effects of different dimensions of national identity on the Swedish lockdown narrative index dummy (Logit, standardized variables 0,1)

			Lock	down narrat	ive index du	ımmy			
	(0,1)								
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Uncritical	3.209***								
patriotism	(0.382)								
(0-1, 4 steps)									
National		2.041***							
chauvinism		(0.287)							
(0-1, 4 steps)									
Institutional			2.122***						
national pride			(0.261)						
(0-1, 3 steps)									
National pride				1.970^{***}					
(0-1, 3 steps)				(0.200)					
National attachment					1.044***				
(0-1, 3 steps)					(0.219)				
Ethnic nationhood						-0.528**			
(0-1, 3 steps)						(0.184)			
Individualism							-0.261		
(0-1, 4 steps)							(0.209)		
Interpersonal trust								1.541***	
(0-1, 10 steps)								(0.216)	
Constant	0.683^{**}	0.345	0.424^{+}	0.483^{*}	1.047***	1.855***	1.771***	0.983***	
	(0.203)	(0.243)	(0.236)	(0.212)	(0.214)	(0.196)	(0.215)	(0.193)	
Background	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
controls									
N	1675	1678	1466	1578	1631	1634	1530	1689	
Pseudo R ²	0.064	0.052	0.064	0.078	0.036	0.027	0.024	0.051	

Table 19: Effects on confidence in the Swedish corona response dummy and the Swedish lockdown narrative index dummy when including all the explanatory variables (Logit, standardized variables 0,1)

	Confidence	ce corona	Lockdown narrativ		
	respo		inc	lex	
	(0,		(0	,1)	
	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	
Uncritical patriotism	6.233***	6.340***	1.878***	2.199***	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.661)	(0.754)	(0.512)	(0.576)	
National chauvinism	0.535	0.203	0.367	0.714	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.527)	(0.601)	(0.429)	(0.472)	
Institutional national pride	4.131***	3.379***	0.947^{*}	0.959^{*}	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.532)	(0.595)	(0.413)	(0.458)	
National pride	1.334**	1.791***	1.374***	1.068***	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.395)	(0.459)	(0.319)	(0.345)	
National attachment	-0.690	-0.607	-0.760*	-0.663 ⁺	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.423)	(0.480)	(0.344)	(0.372)	
Ethnic nationhood	-0.523^{+}	-0.313	-0.206	-0.326	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.293)	(0.334)	(0.246)	(0.271)	
Individualism	-0.455	-0.107	0.243	0.267	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.292)	(0.330)	(0.254)	(0.274)	
Interpersonal trust	2.743***	3.281***	0.699^{*}	0.648*	
(0-1, 10 steps)	(0.366)	(0.422)	(0.295)	(0.322)	
Constant	-6.118***	-6.918***	-0.456	-0.438	
	(0.561)	(0.658)	(0.392)	(0.423)	
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Party controls	No	Yes	No	Yes	
N	1097	969	1189	1050	
Pseudo R ²	0.416	0.470	0.111	0.120	

L. Interactions between health anxiety/concerns and the nationalism items on confidence in the corona response, lockdown narrative index and confidence in government

Table 20: Effects of the interaction between health anxiety/concerns and the nationalism items on confidence in the Swedish corona response (OLS, standardized variables 0,1)

	Confidence corona response							
	(0-4)							
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)				
Health anxiety	1.722***							
X Uncritical patriotism	(0.521)							
Health anxiety		1.136**						
X National chauvinism		(0.412)						
Health anxiety			0.121					
X Instit national pride			(0.373)					
Health anxiety				0.193				
X national pride				(0.295)				
Uncritical patriotism	0.984**	1.790***	1.795***	1.789**				
	(0.311)	(0.192)	(0.192)	(0.193)				
National chauvinism	0.311	-0.234	0.293^{+}	0.298^{+}				
	(0.169)	(0.255)	(0.170)	(0.170)				
Instit national pride	1.451***	1.438***	1.378***	1.445***				
	(0.164)	(0.164)	(0.249)	(0.165)				
National pride	0.385^{**}	0.408^{**}	0.402^{**}	0.299				
	(0.123)	(0.123)	(0.124)	(0.196)				
Health anxiety	-0.950***	-1.064***	-0.432^{+}	-0.491*				
	(0.202)	(0.273)	(0.249)	(0.225)				
Constant	0.000	0.181	-0.263	-0.237				
	(0.179)	(0.126)	(0.191)	(0.182)				
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Party controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Additional controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
N	1121	1121	1121	1121				
adj. R ²	0.502	0.500	0.497	0.497				

Notes. p < .10, p < .05, p < .01, p < .01, p < .001. All models include background controls for age, gender, education and foreign background. Party controls: voted for left leaning parties. Additional controls: national attachment, ethnic nationhood, individualism, interpersonal trust

Table 21: Effects of the interaction between health anxiety/concerns and the nationalism items on the lockdown narrative index (OLS, standardized variables 0,1)

	Lockdown narrative index						
		(0-	-4)				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
Health anxiety	1.440***						
X Uncritical patriotism	(0.360)						
Health anxiety		0.807**					
X National chauvinism		(0.286)					
Health anxiety			0.533*				
X Instit national pride			(0.259)				
Health anxiety				0.352^{+}			
X national pride				(0.205)			
Uncritical patriotism	-0.529*	0.143	0.146	0.134			
	(0.215)	(0.133)	(0.133)	(0.134)			
National chauvinism	0.361	-0.028	0.353^{**}	0.357^{**}			
	(0.117)	(0.177)	(0.118)	(0.118)			
Instit national pride	0.255^{*}	0.245^{*}	-0.022	0.256^{*}			
	(0.113)	(0.113)	(0.172)	(0.114)			
National pride	0.421***	0.440^{***}	0.448^{***}	0.254^{+}			
	(0.085)	(0.085)	(0.086)	(0.135)			
Health anxiety	-0.529*	-0.882***	-0.710***	-0.624***			
	(0.215)	(0.190)	(0.173)	(0.157)			
Constant	2.145***	2.132***	2.052^{***}	2.007^{***}			
	(0.124)	(0.136)	(0.132)	(0.126)			
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Party controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Additional controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
N	1113	1113	1113	1113			
adj. R ²	0.183	0.177	0.174	0.173			

Table 22: Effects of the interaction between health anxiety/concerns and the nationalism items on confidence in the government (OLS, standardized variables 0,1)

	Confidence government						
	(0-4)						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
Health anxiety	2.005***						
X Uncritical patriotism	(0.508)						
Health anxiety		1.463***					
X National chauvinism		(0.402)					
Health anxiety			0.164				
X Instit national pride			(0.365)				
Health anxiety				0.463			
X national pride				(0.288)			
Uncritical patriotism	0.688^{*}	1.625	1.631***	1.617***			
	(0.304)	(0.187)	(0.188)	(0.188)			
National chauvinism	0.272	-0.427^{+}	0.252	0.265			
	(0.165)	(0.249)	(0.167)	(0.167)			
Instit national pride	1.209***	1.195***	1.114***	1.210***			
	(0.159)	(0.160)	(0.243)	(0.161)			
National pride	0.208^{+}	0.236^{*}	0.228^{+}	-0.013			
	(0.120)	(0.120)	(0.121)	(0.191)			
Health anxiety	-0.825***	-1.045***	-0.236	-0.456*			
	(0.198)	(0.267)	(0.243)	(0.220)			
Constant	0.570^{**}	0.655^{**}	0.272	0.373^{*}			
	(0.174)	(0.192)	(0.187)	(0.178)			
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Party controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Additional controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
N	1121	1121	1121	1121			
adj. R ²	0.461	0.459	0.453	0.454			

M. Results with additional controls

Table 23: Effects on confidence in the Swedish corona response and the Swedish lockdown narrative index when including all the explanatory variables and with additional controls for health/economic anxiety, risk aversion and health status (OLS, standardized variables 0-1)

	Confide	nce corona re	esponse	Lockdown narrative index			
		(0-4)	-	(0-4)			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Uncritical patriotism	1.856***	1.637***	1.570***	0.112	0.080	0.083	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.189)	(0.197)	(0.257)	(0.128)	(0.137)	(0.178)	
National chauvinism	0.504**	0.338^{+}	-0.063	0.327**	0.363**	0.464**	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.168)	(0.174)	(0.223)	(0.113)	(0.120)	(0.154)	
Institutional national pride	1.663***	1.422***	1.769***	0.265^{*}	0.269^{*}	0.260^{+}	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.161)	(0.167)	(0.225)	(0.109)	(0.116)	(0.155)	
National pride	0.391**	0.416**	0.406^{*}	0.424***	0.398***	0.319**	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.123)	(0.127)	(0.163)	(0.083)	(0.088)	(0.112)	
National attachment	-0.199	-0.113	-0.001	-0.075	-0.070	-0.038	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.130)	(0.133)	(0.172)	(0.088)	(0.092)	(0.119)	
Ethnic nationhood	-0.128	-0.074	-0.012	0.056	0.056	0.014	
(0-1, 3 steps)	(0.091)	(0.094)	(0.124)	(0.061)	(0.065)	(0.085)	
Individualism	-0.218*	-0.148	-0.195	0.020	0.035	0.100	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.093)	(0.095)	(0.123)	(0.063)	(0.066)	(0.085)	
Interpersonal trust	0.896***	0.922***	0.731***	0.195^{*}	0.166^{*}	0.115	
(0-1, 10 steps)	(0.114)	(0.117)	(0.151)	(0.077)	(0.081)	(0.104)	
Risk aversion	-0.498***	-0.448***	-0.490 ^{**}	-0.210*	-0.232*	-0.212^{+}	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.131)	(0.133)	(0.175)	(0.088)	(0.092)	(0.121)	
Health anxiety	-0.165	-0.243*	-0.237^{+}	-0.330***	-0.382***	-0.371***	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.104)	(0.106)	(0.140)	(0.070)	(0.074)	(0.097)	
Economic anxiety	-0.102	-0.159^{+}	-0.175	0.008	0.019	0.143	
(0-1, 4 steps)	(0.094)	(0.096)	(0.129)	(0.064)	(0.066)	(0.089)	
Voted left		0.495***	0.489***		0.015	0.023	
(0,1)		(0.059)	(0.079)		(0.041)	(0.054)	
Potential risk group			-0.015			-0.125^{+}	
(0,1)			(0.098)			(0.068)	
Health problem/disability			-0.063			0.011	
(0,1)			(0.080)			(0.055)	
Constant	0.108	0.097	0.265	2.094^{***}	2.089***	1.968***	
	(0.188)	(0.191)	(0.246)	(0.127)	(0.132)	(0.170)	
Background controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Party controls	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	
Health status controls	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	
N	1239	1092	662	1229	1084	657	
adj. R ²	0.452	0.500	0.487	0.148	0.171	0.149	